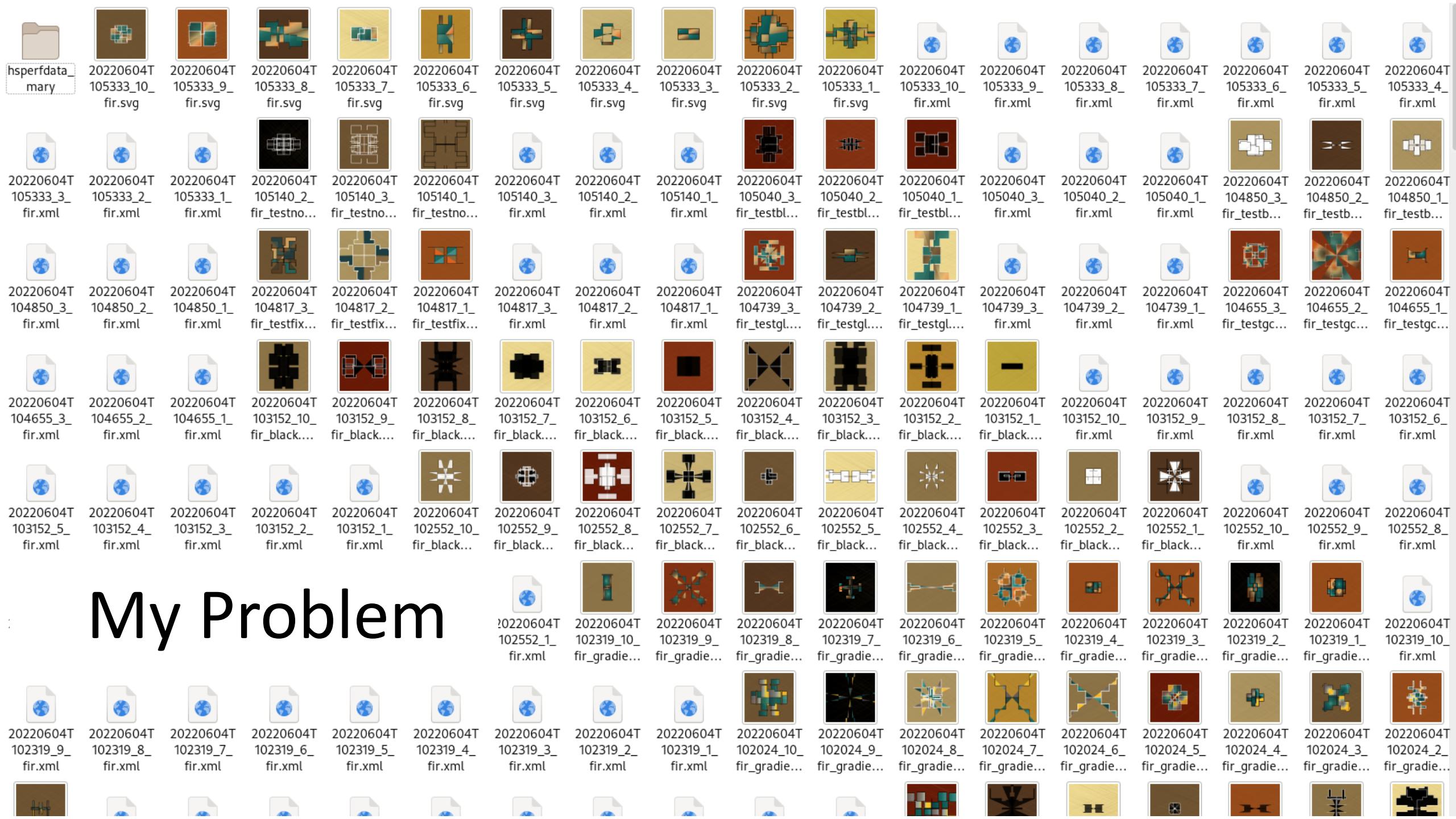


Metadata for Creators

Mary Holstege

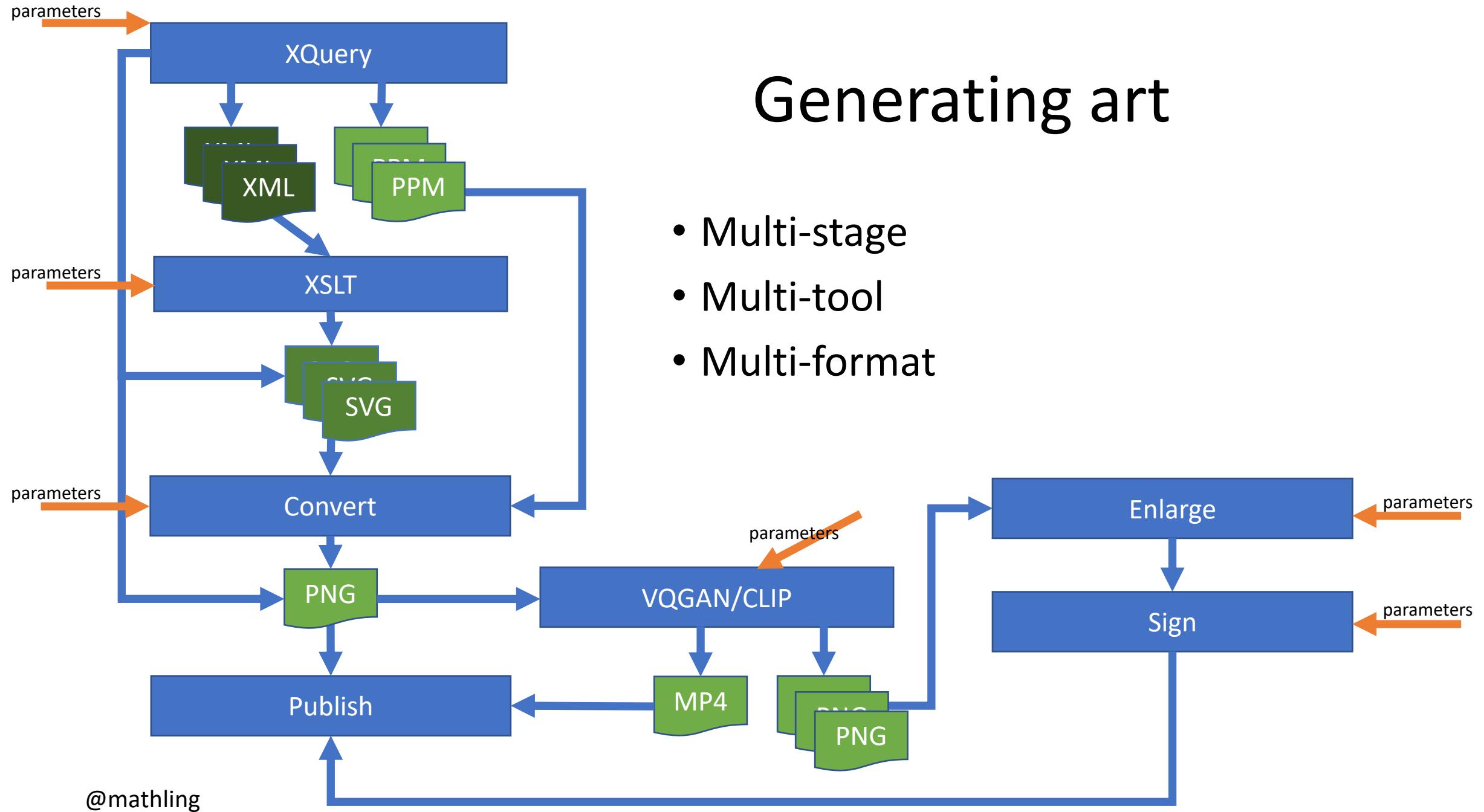
@mathling

speckles.orientation=inner outer
speckles.mode=consistent
speckles.shape=superrose



My Problem

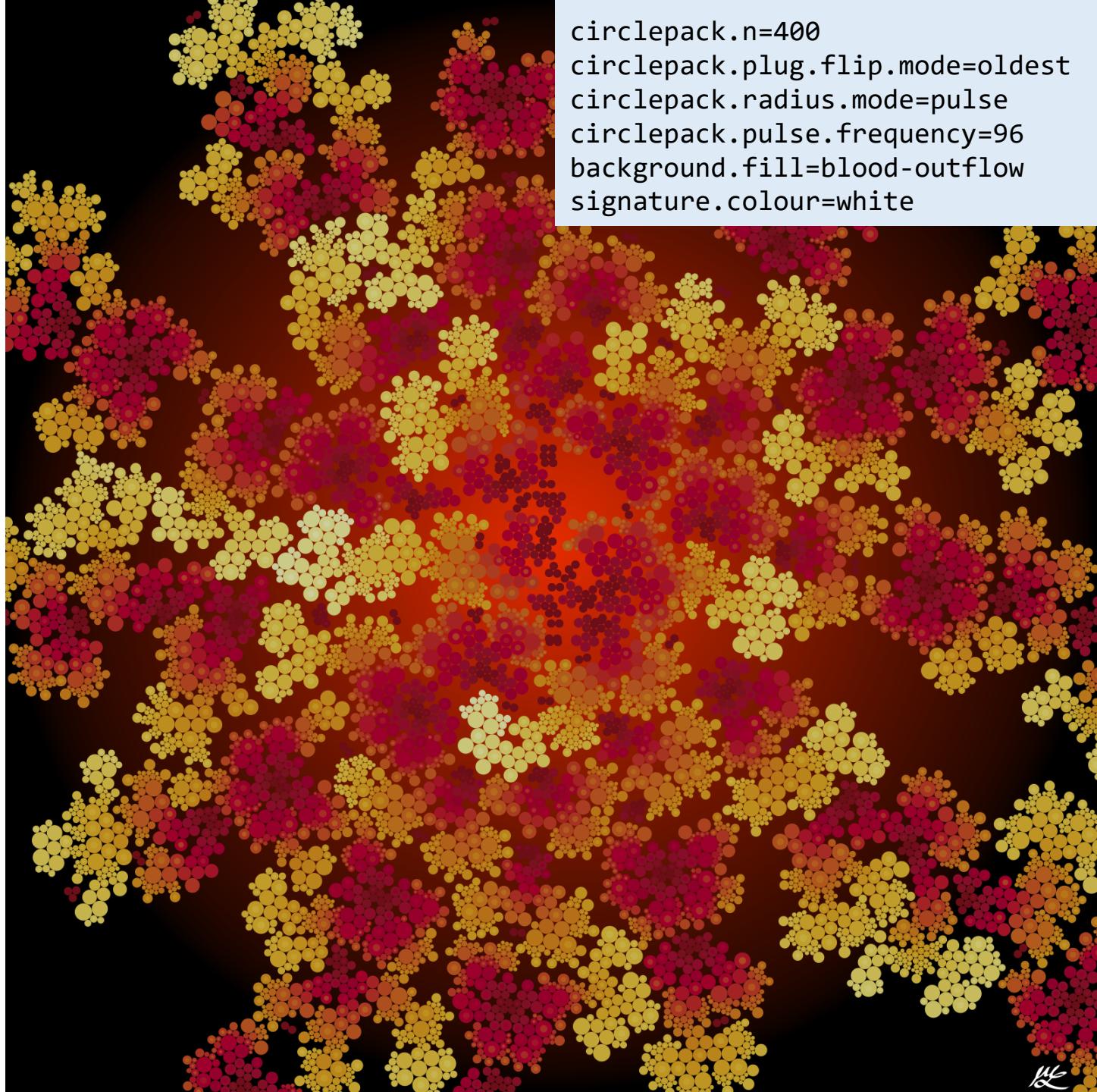
Generating art



Background

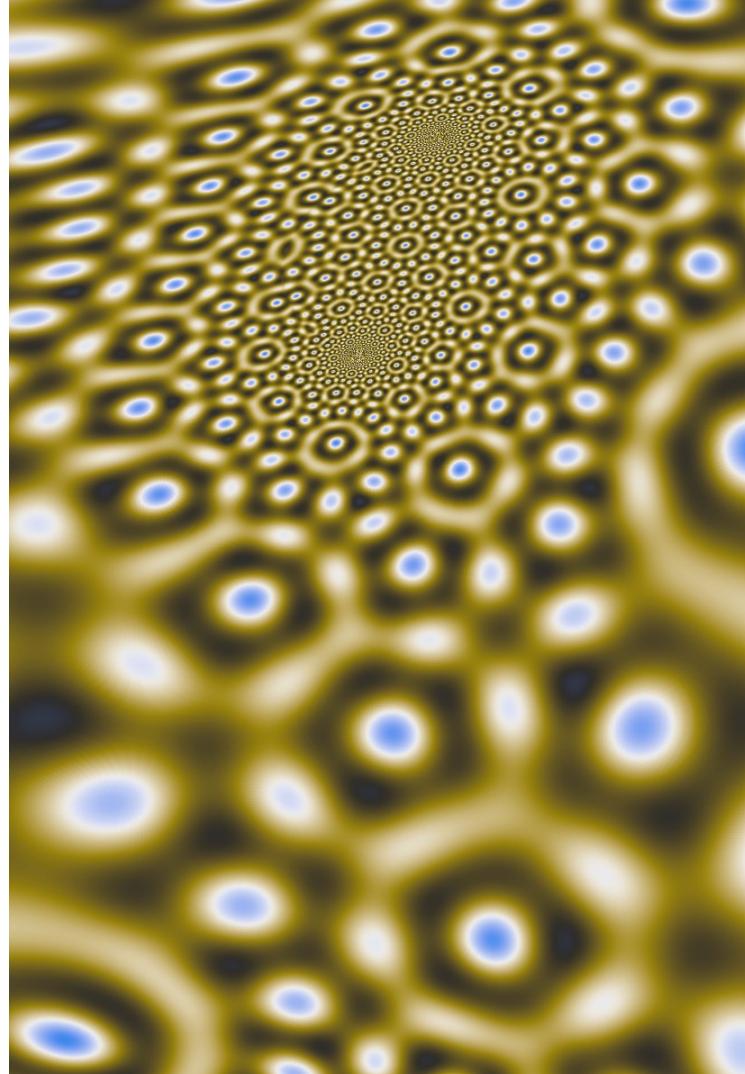
Where are we headed?

@mathling

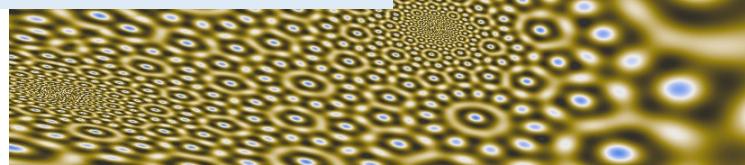


Where are we headed?

- Metadata as part of the creative process
- Selected lessons on capturing metadata
- **NOT:** code, see the paper

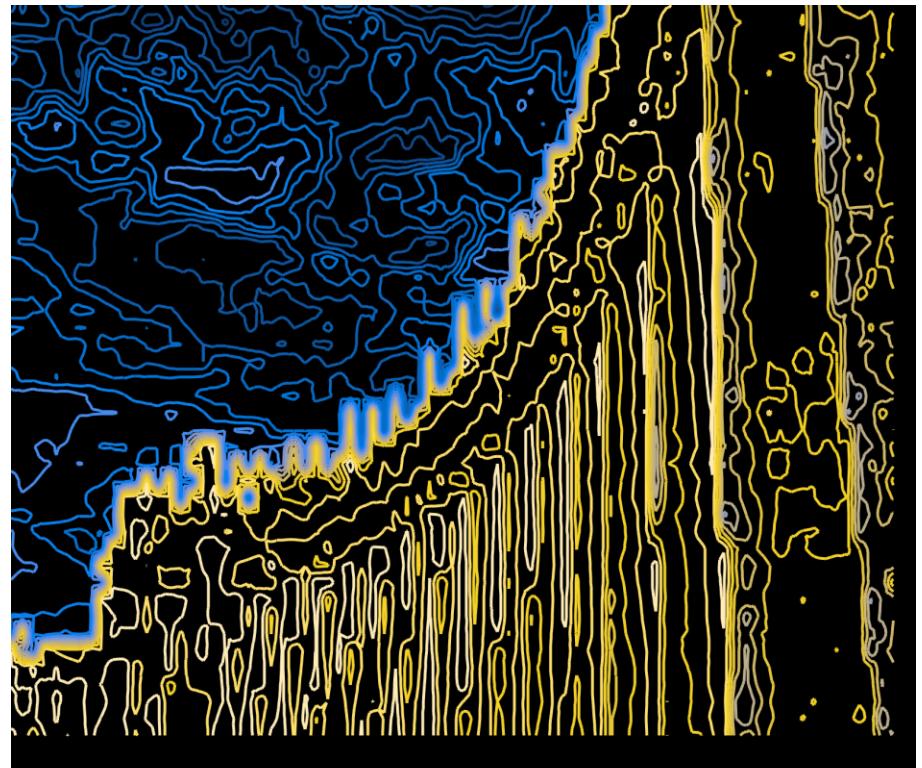


```
quasi.mutation=tangent·curl  
quasi.stripes=37  
quasi.waves=6  
quasi.ϕ=20
```



What is metadata?

What and who is it for?



```
contourimage.levels=20  
contourimage.granularity=45  
contourimage.gradient=CET-CBL2-reverse  
contourimage.map=xyz  
contourimage.density=3.43
```

2022

The usual metadata story

- Metadata is data about data
- There are three kinds of metadata:
 - Descriptive
 - Administrative
 - Technical
 - Preservation
 - Rights
 - Structural

```
wordplay.stem.gradient=lake  
wordplay.flower.gradient=werner_oranges  
wordplay.font=ShadowsIntoLight-Regular
```



3rd party The ~~usual~~[^] metadata story

- Metadata is data about data
- There are three kinds of metadata:
 - Descriptive
 - Administrative
 - Technical

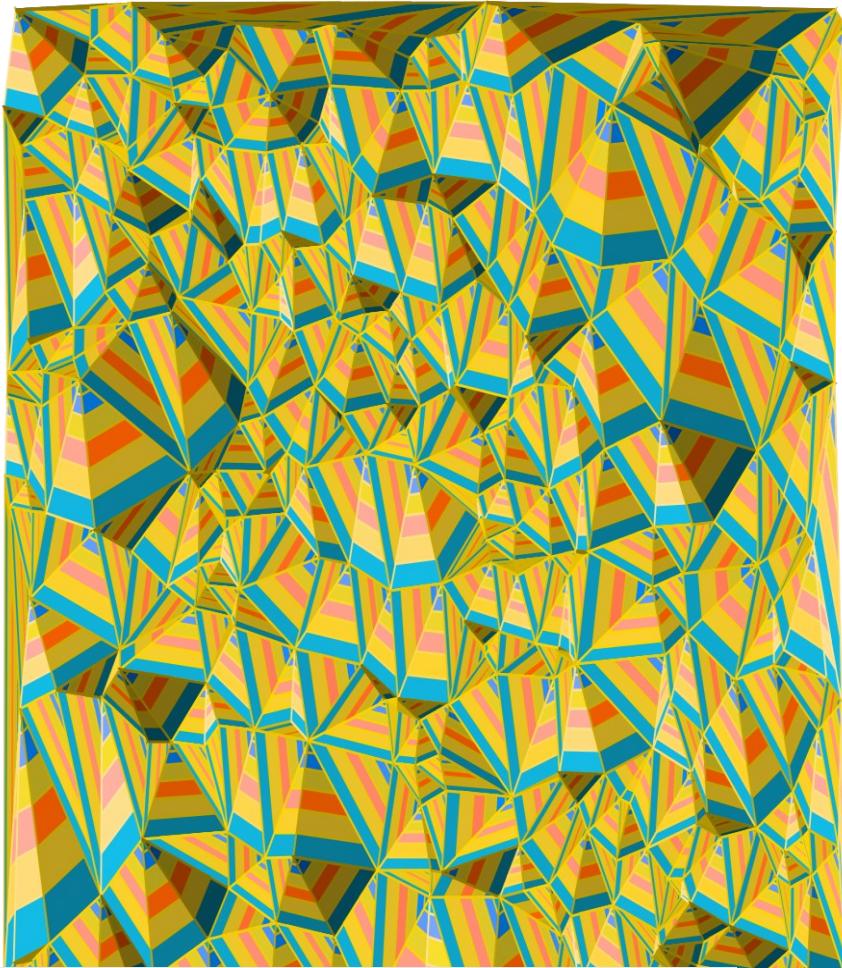
- By archivists and librarians
- Separated from act of creation
- Concerned about standards

```
wordplay.stem.gradient=lake  
wordplay.flower.gradient=werner_oranges  
wordplay.font=ShadowsIntoLight-Regular
```



Metadata for (and by) creators

- As part of the creative process
- For the creator:
 - To communicate with their audience
 - To organize a collection of their works
 - To create new works related to previous works



colophon=Delaunay triangulation of a set of points,
lighting model applied based on 1st angle of triangle

delaunay.arrangement=random
delaunay.shading=0.51
delaunay.shade.angle=63

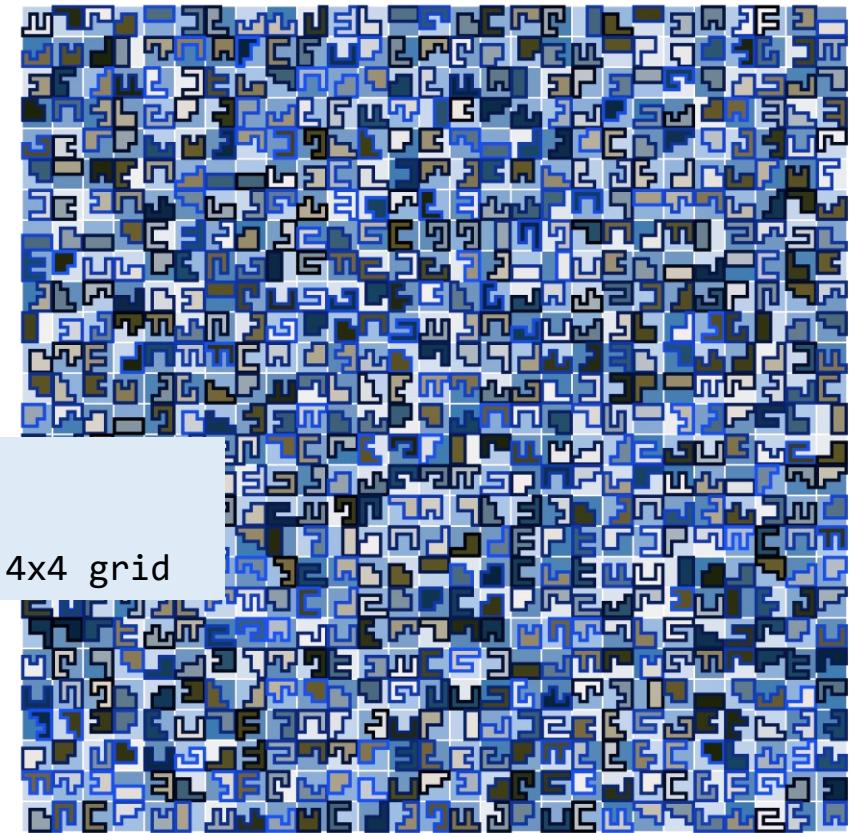
Signature metadata

- About the work or creator's relation to it
- Why? Communicate with audience

copyright=Copyright© Mary Holstege 2021

description=G4 sea/sky/deepsea

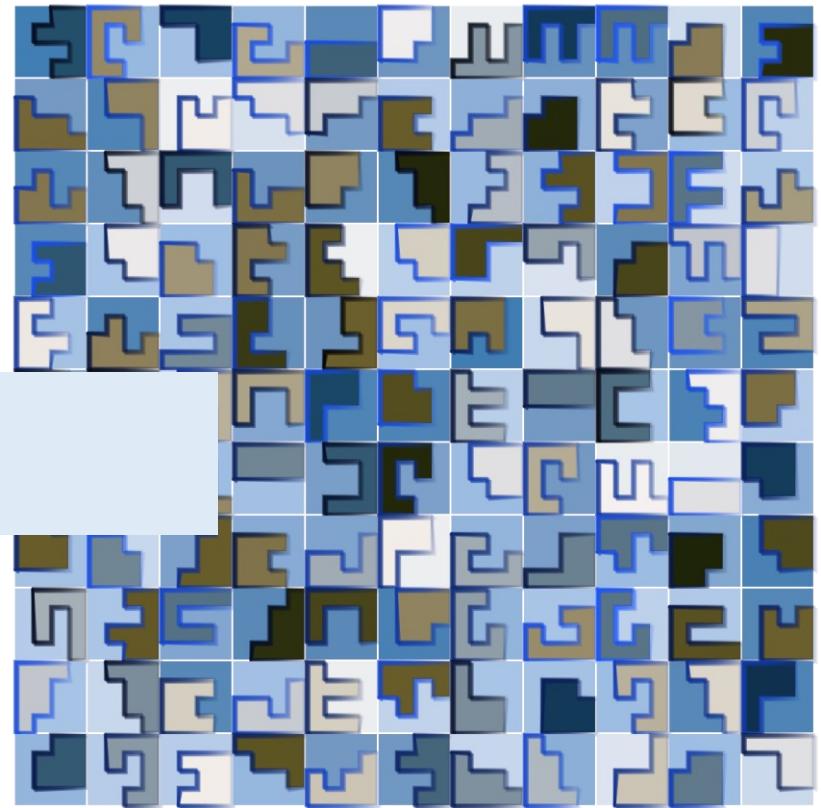
colophon=Tiling based on equiareal divisions of 4x4 grid



Organizational metadata

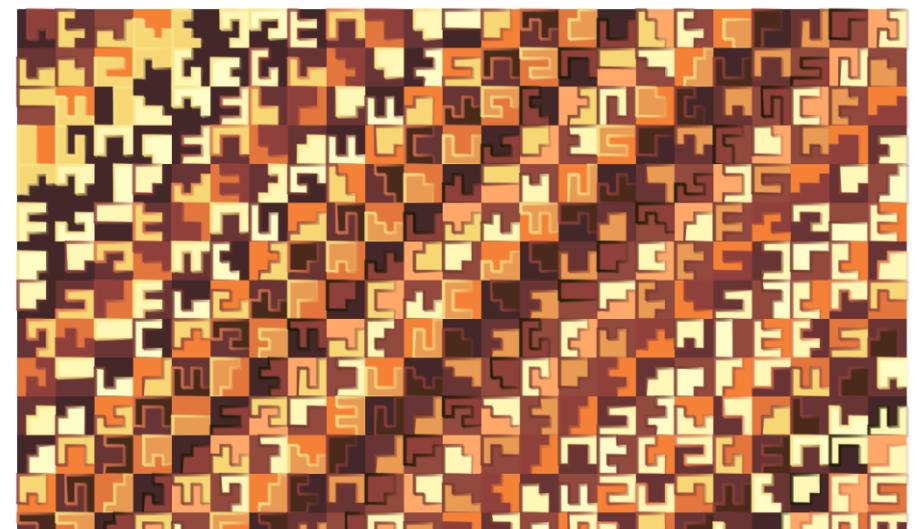
- Assertions about the work and its attributes
- Why? Retrieval or analysis of the work

```
resolution=medium  
background.fill=None  
g4.stroked=True
```



Process metadata

- Assertions about process producing the work
- Why? Enable creations based on this work
- Subtypes:
 - Fixed: Facts true of every output of process
 - Variable: Facts true for a specific output

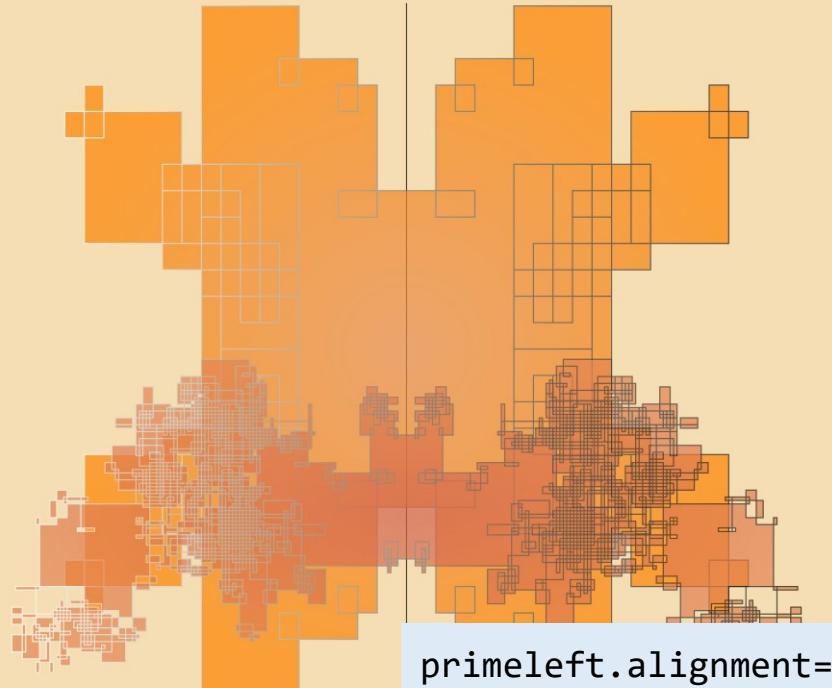


```
g4.background.colouring=expanded-copper  
g4.foreground.colouring=lajolla  
g4.colour.mode=debruijn  
g4.divisions=25  
g4.fatness=0.7798
```

Summary

3rd party: archivists and librarians

- Descriptive
- Administrative
 - Technical
 - Preservation
 - Rights
- Structural



1st party: creators

- Signature
- Organizational
- Process
 - Fixed
 - Variable

Standardization gets in the way, mostly

- “Standardization” as an agreement with future self
- Fluid and emergent, as variable as processes
- External standards relevant only for publication (kinda maybe not)



dc:Creator=Mary Holstege

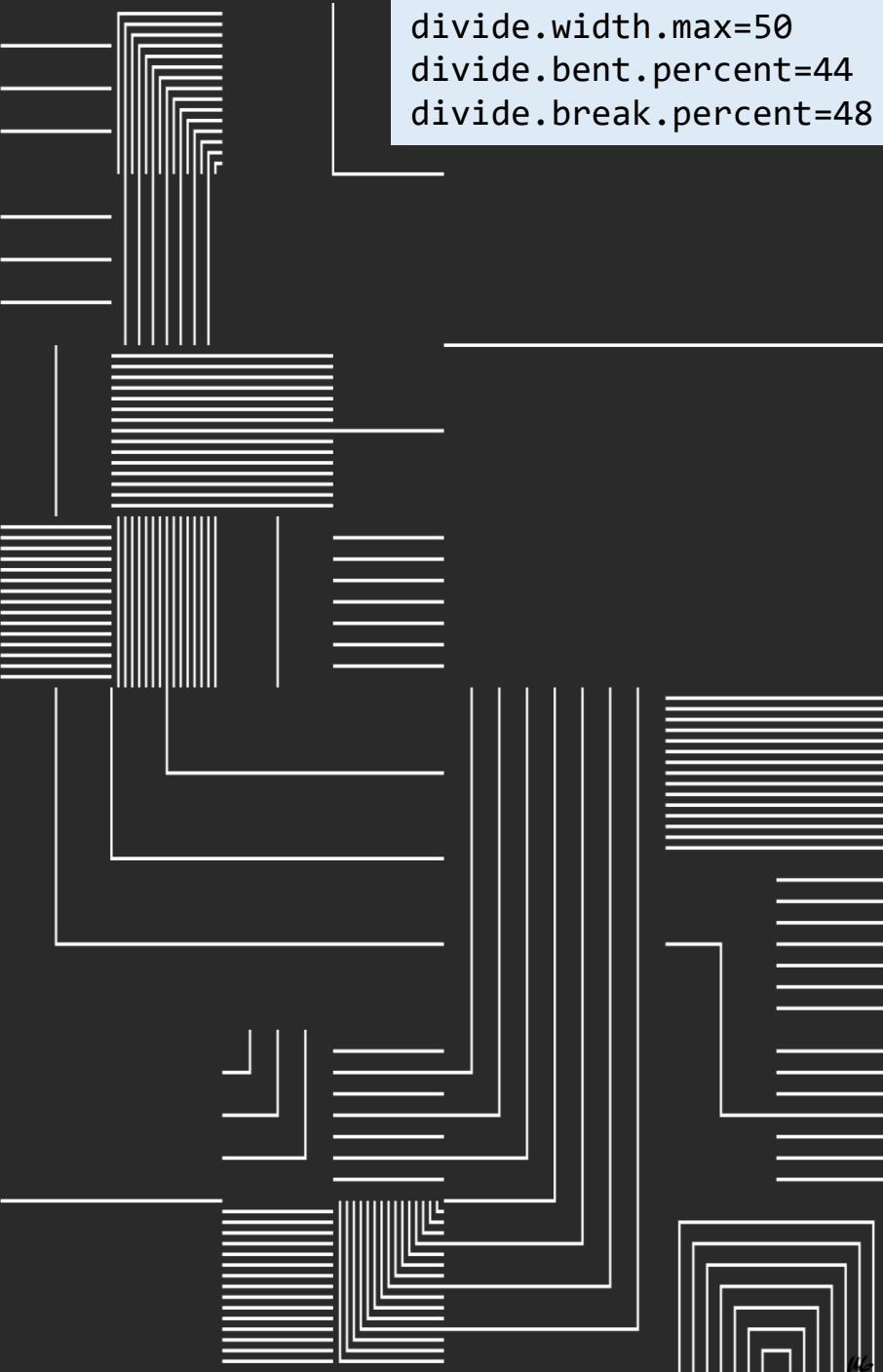
dc:Description=Multi-level triangular Truchet tiling, with VQGAN+CLIP applied for a few iterations

dc:Rights=Copyright© Mary Holstege 2021

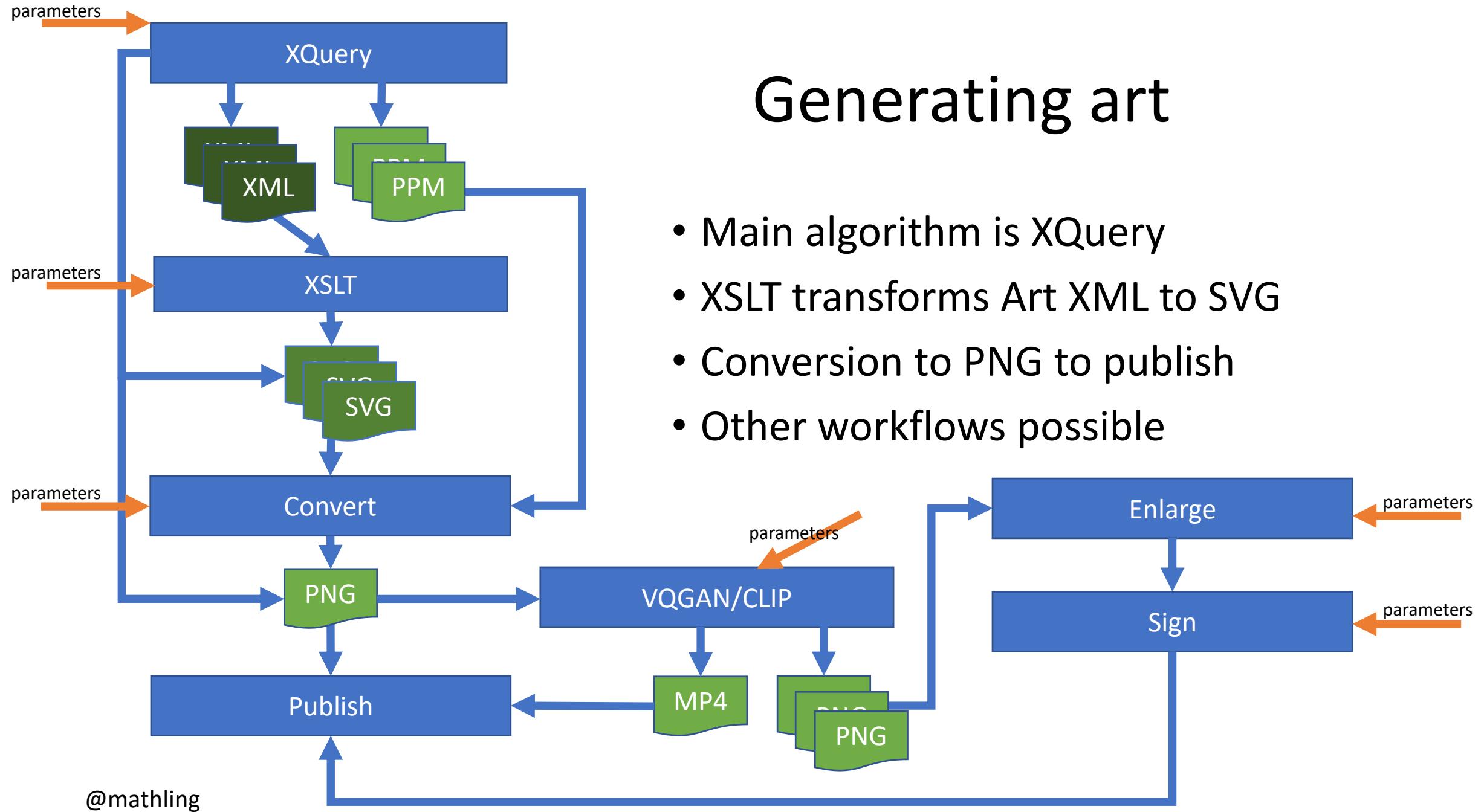
Some lessons

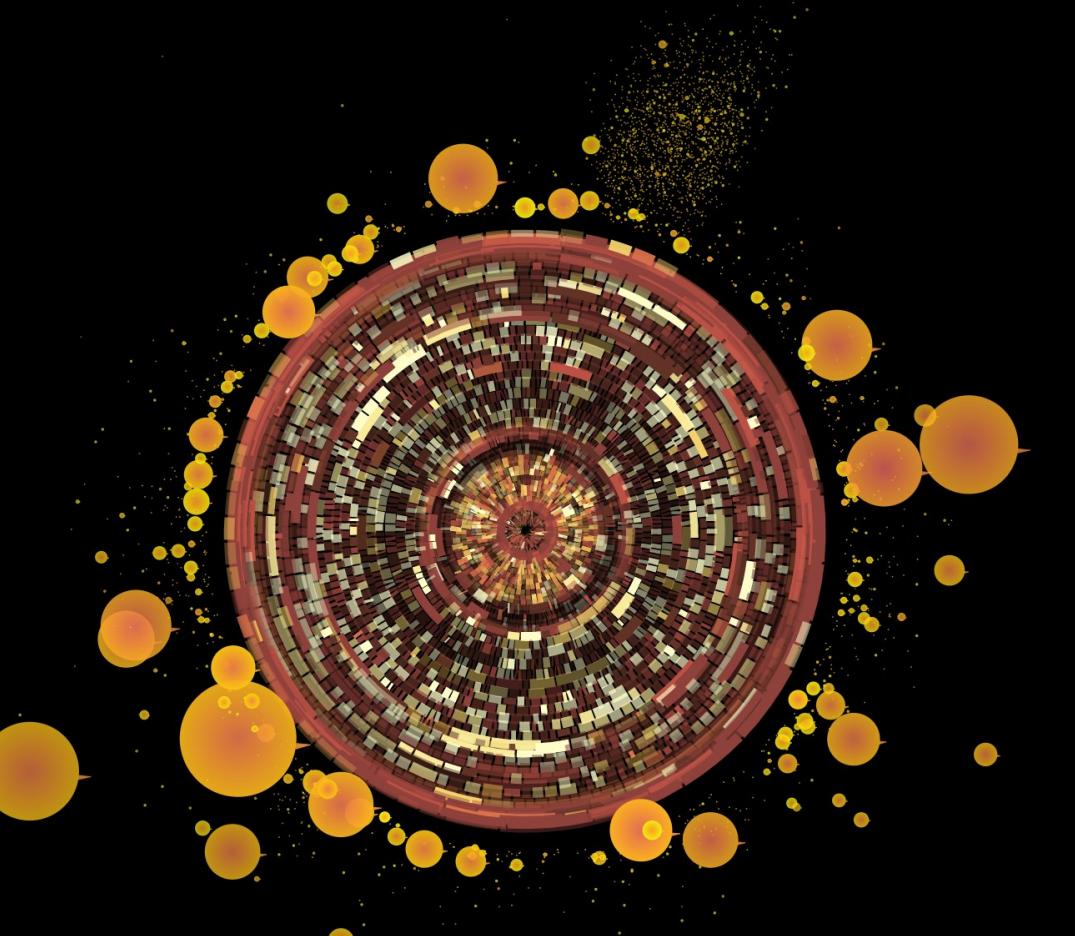
Make generating metadata as easy as generating works

@mathling



Generating art





Embed all metadata

- What is separated can become lost
- In my case
 - Metadata elements in XML
 - Comment/metadata fields in images

Copyright © Mary Holstege 2020.



Visualization of the Exoplanet catalog (<https://exoplanetarchive.ipac.caltech.edu/cgi-bin/TblView/nph-tblView?app=ExoTbls&config=planets>)
Arc mapping: ordering=pl_disc,pl_publ_date, rowupdate arc-length:pl_rade colour:pl_orbper width:pl_bmasse opacity:pl_st_npar

Stars mapping: direction:ra distance:st_dist spokes:pl_pnum arc-length:st_rad colour:st_teff opacity:st_optmag

Use mean for missing data

Map log of orbital period and mass because of very wide range

Star colour mapping is linear in 3 distinct ranges to get better spread around mode

Automate (as much as possible)

- People are lazy and forgetful
- That which is manual is more likely to be wrong
- Everything starts as a special case
- In my case:
 - Framework dumps out parameter tables
 - Stylesheets preserve/extend metadata
 - Conversion scripts preserve metadata

```
planet.scaling=400
planet.background=rain-outflow
planet.swirls=navy
sun.colour=rgb(245,252,100)
sun.n-rays=200
```



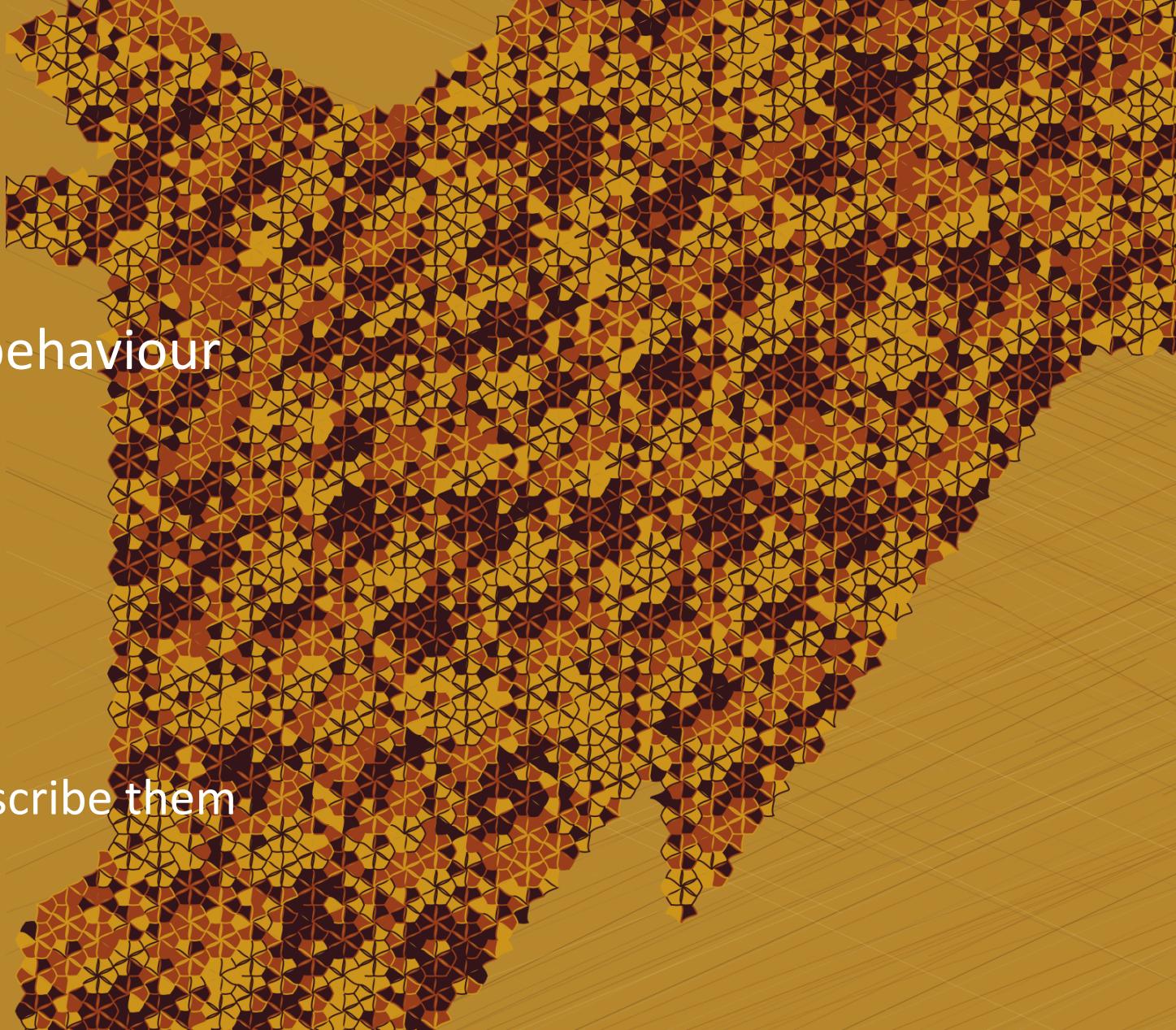
Everything important needs a name



- Link output to process
- Easier to comprehend
- Naming **systems**
- In my case:
 - Names, names, names
 - Libraries use naming systems to create aspects of the output

Use descriptors

- Complex/variable pieces of behaviour
 - Can describe for metadata
 - Can execute for effect
- In my case:
 - Descriptors as XQuery maps
 - Functions to interpret and describe them



```
weave.weaving=weaving[56 3 prime(227,22,2) X thue-morse(3)]
```

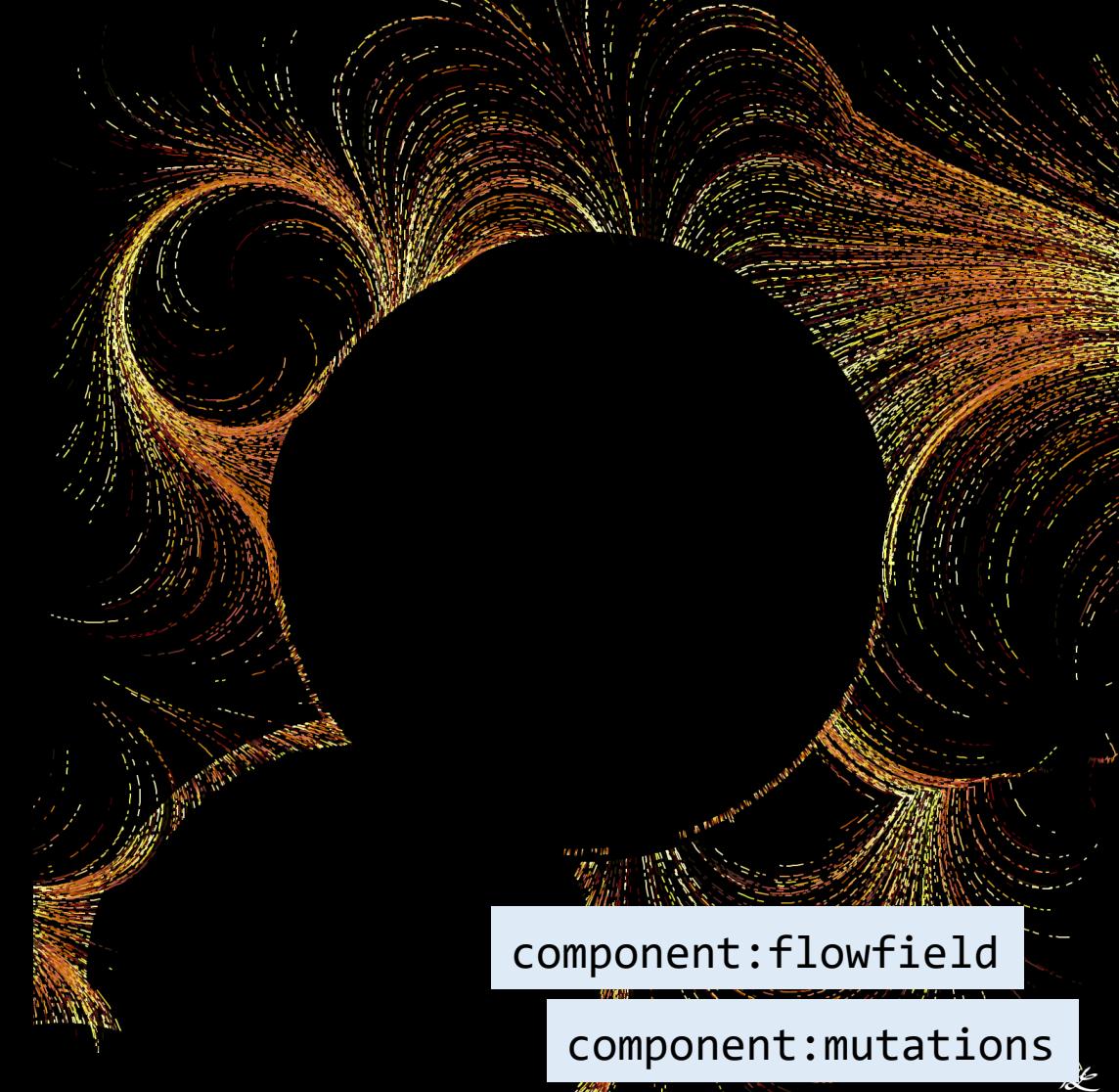


```
map {
  "kind": "modulated-knot",
  "p": 3,
  "x-factors": (
    map {"q": 7, "r": 0.52, "skew": true()},
    map {"q": 4, "r": 0.11, "skew": false()})
),
  "y-factors": (
    map {"q": 5, "r": -0.9, "skew": false()},
    map {"q": 4, "r": 0.7, "skew": false()})
),
  "stretch": 1.25,
  "openness": 1
}
```

```
x=1.25*cos(3θ) * (0.7*sin(7θ) + 0.11*cos(4θ))
y=cos(3θ) * (-0.9*cos(5θ) + 0.7*cos(4θ))
z=0.2*sin(7θ)
```

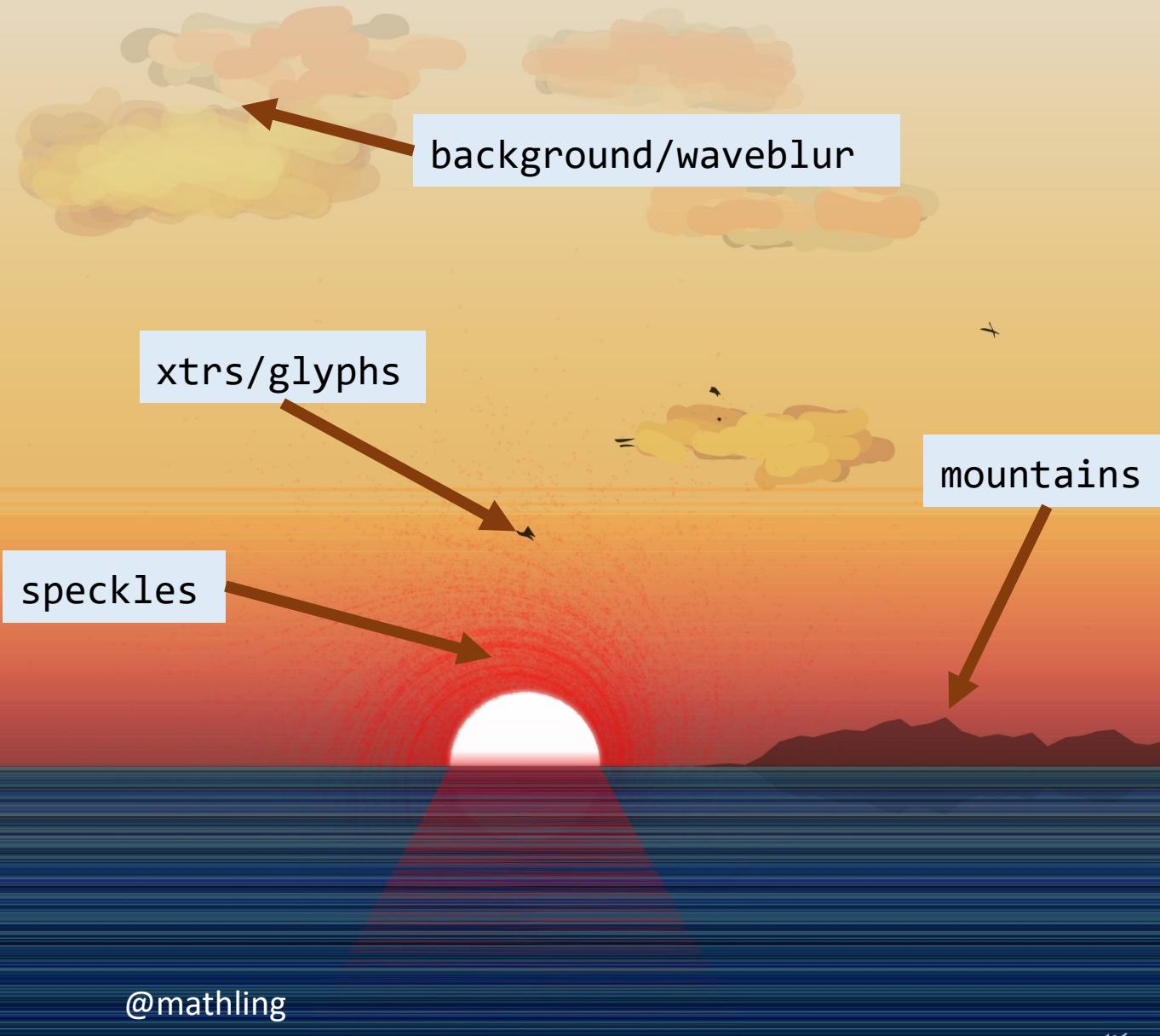
Divide and conquer

- Componentize
 - Component handles its own metadata
- Be selective:
 - Emit metadata for relevant components
- Automate:
 - Component framework
- In my case:
 - Standard metadata callback functions
 - Framework combines named components
 - Recursively
 - Stylesheets introspect on use of component elements



component:flowfield

component:mutations



@mathling

```
component=background  
background.wave.waviness=5  
background.wave.spread=0.7
```

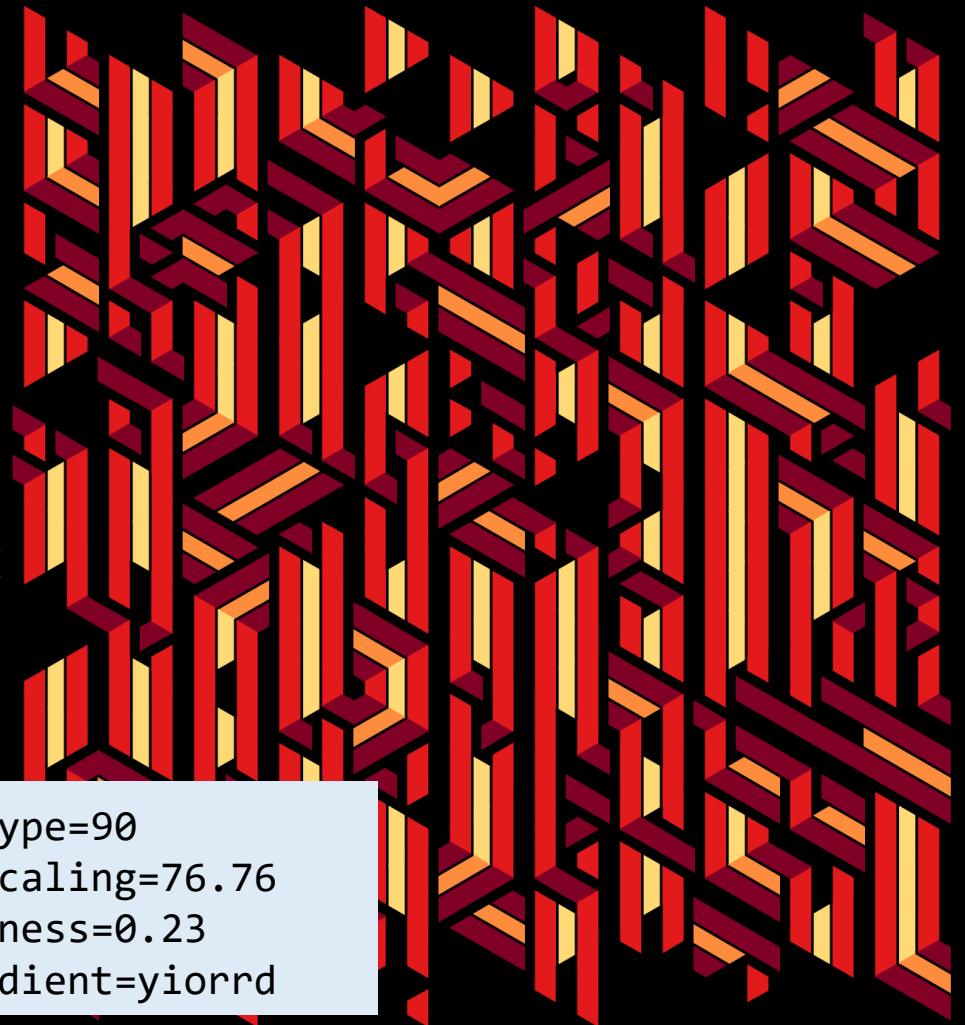
```
component=xtrs  
xtrs.invert=flip(25)
```

```
component=speckles  
speckles.orientation=outer  
speckles.density.multiplier=0.3
```

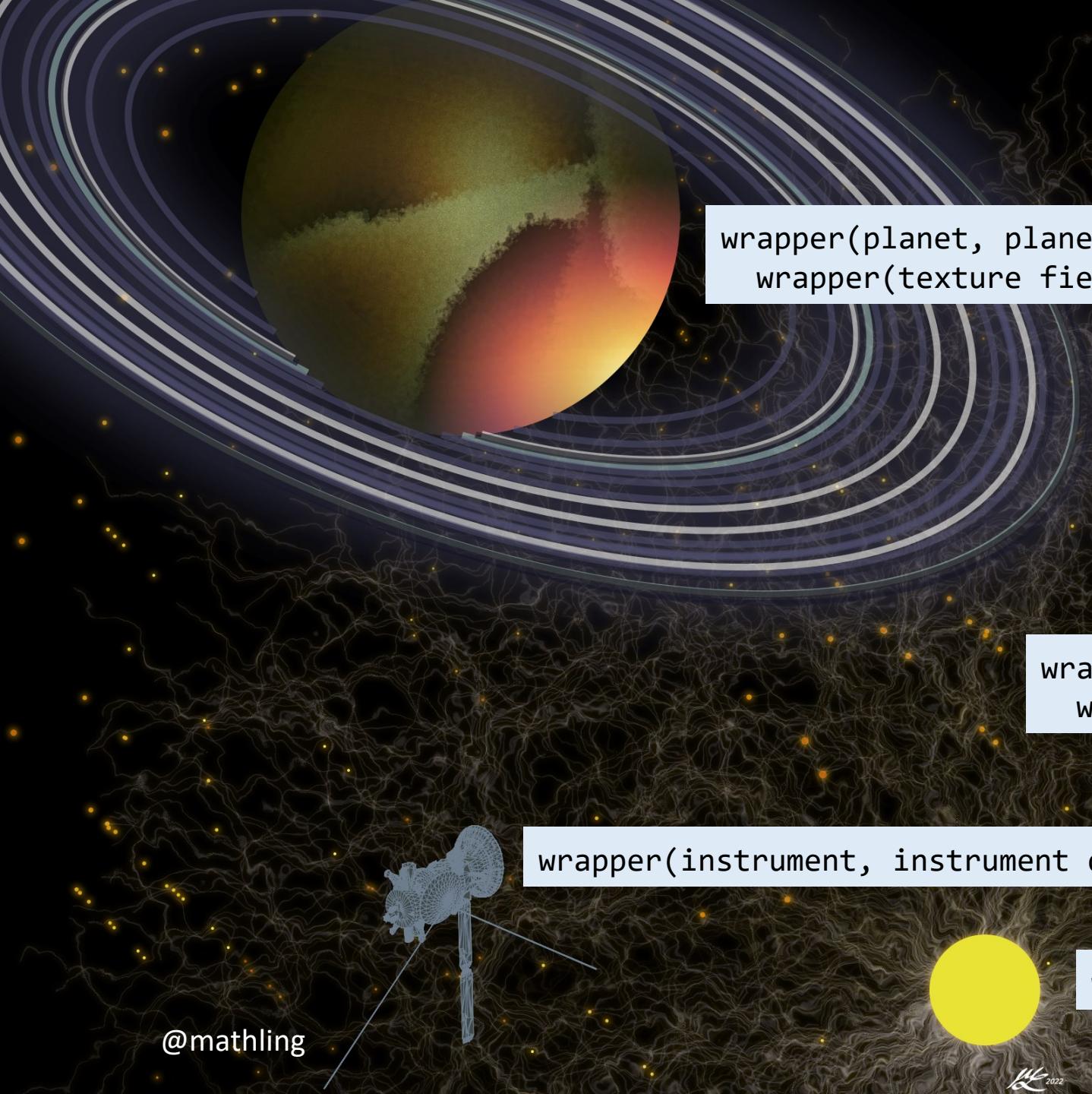
```
component=mountains  
mountain.jags=30  
mountain.spikiness=15
```

Design for dynamic values

- Capture dynamic run time values
- Propagate from nested components
- In my case:
 - Wrappers unite dynamic values with output
 - Components produce wrappers



```
tiling.type=90  
tiling.scaling=76.76  
bent.fatness=0.23  
bent.gradient=yiorrd
```



wrapper(planet, planet/ring dynamic properties)
wrapper(texture field, texture field properties)

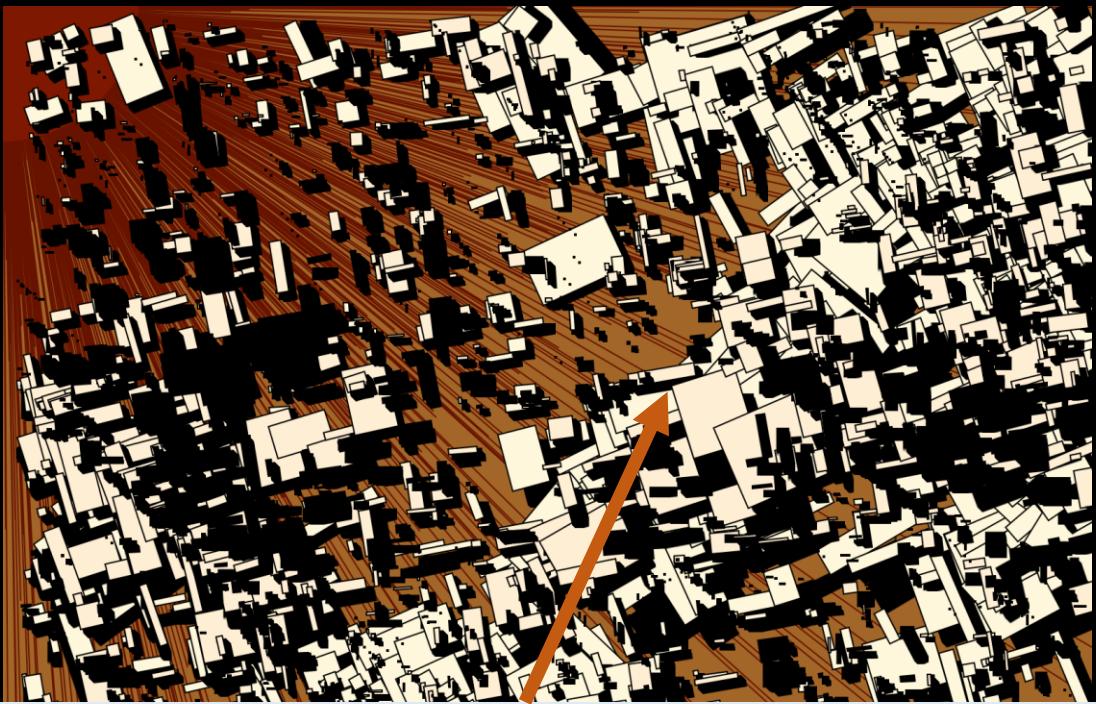
wrapper(stars, starfield dynamic properties)
wrapper(noise field, field properties)

wrapper(instrument, instrument dynamic properties)

wrapper(sun, sun/corona dynamic properties)

Tame complexity with introspection

- Some complex behaviours represented as nested function values
- Function annotations and introspection to capture metadata
- In my case:
 - Tricksy technique in paper

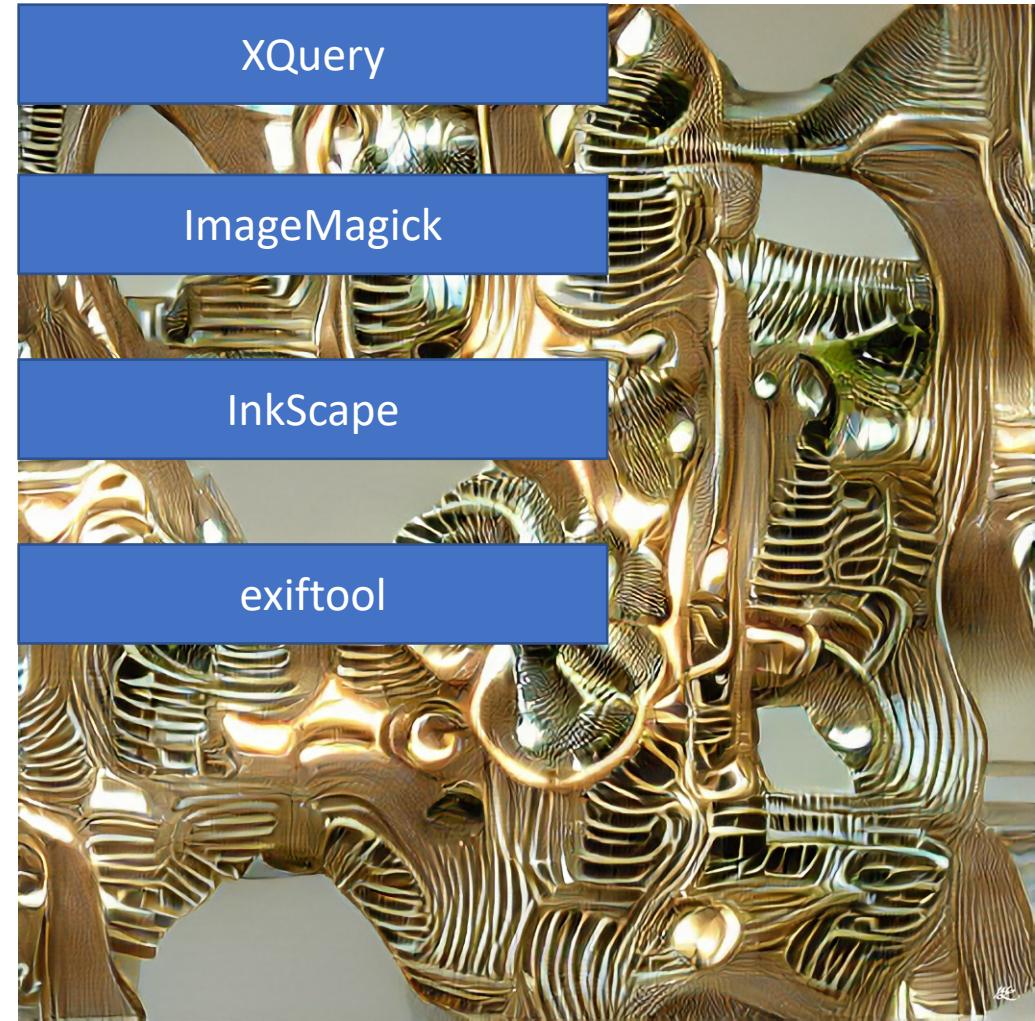


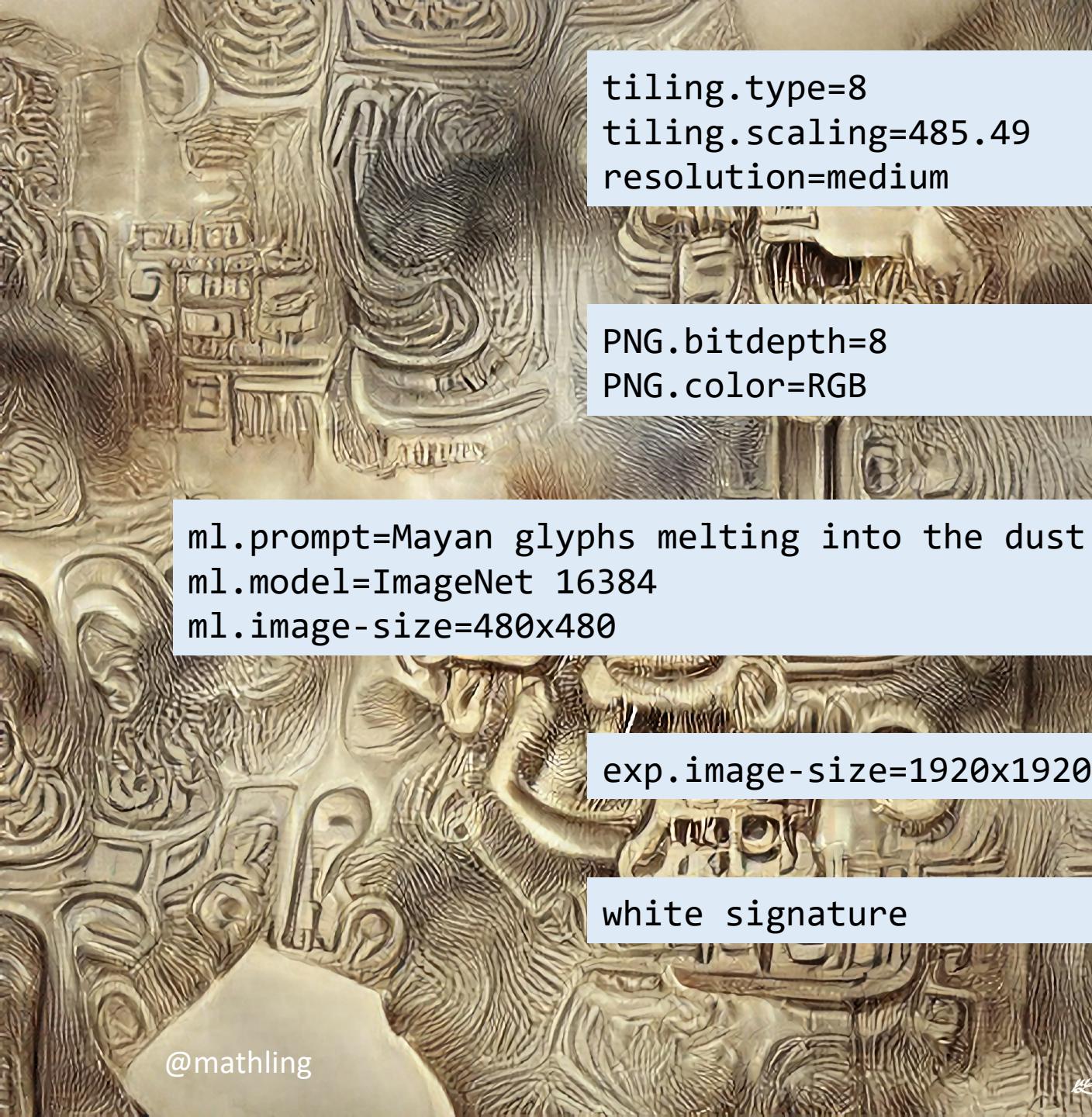
```
mod:scale(  
    mod:abs(ridged:noise({  
        octaves:12 dimension:2 attenuation:2  
        lacunarity:2.09 frequency:1 persistence:1.5  
    })),  
    mod:constant(0.000625), mod:constant(0.000625))
```

Pay attention to the whole publication chain

- Every step has its own metadata to add
- Format changes apt to lose metadata
- **Many** tools bad at metadata

- In my case:
 - Several tools combine to preserve metadata





ml.prompt=Mayan glyphs melting into the dust
ml.model=ImageNet 16384
ml.image-size=480x480

VQGAN/CLIP



exp.image-size=1920x1920

Enlarge



white signature

Sign



tiling.type=8
tiling.scaling=485.49
resolution=medium

XQuery



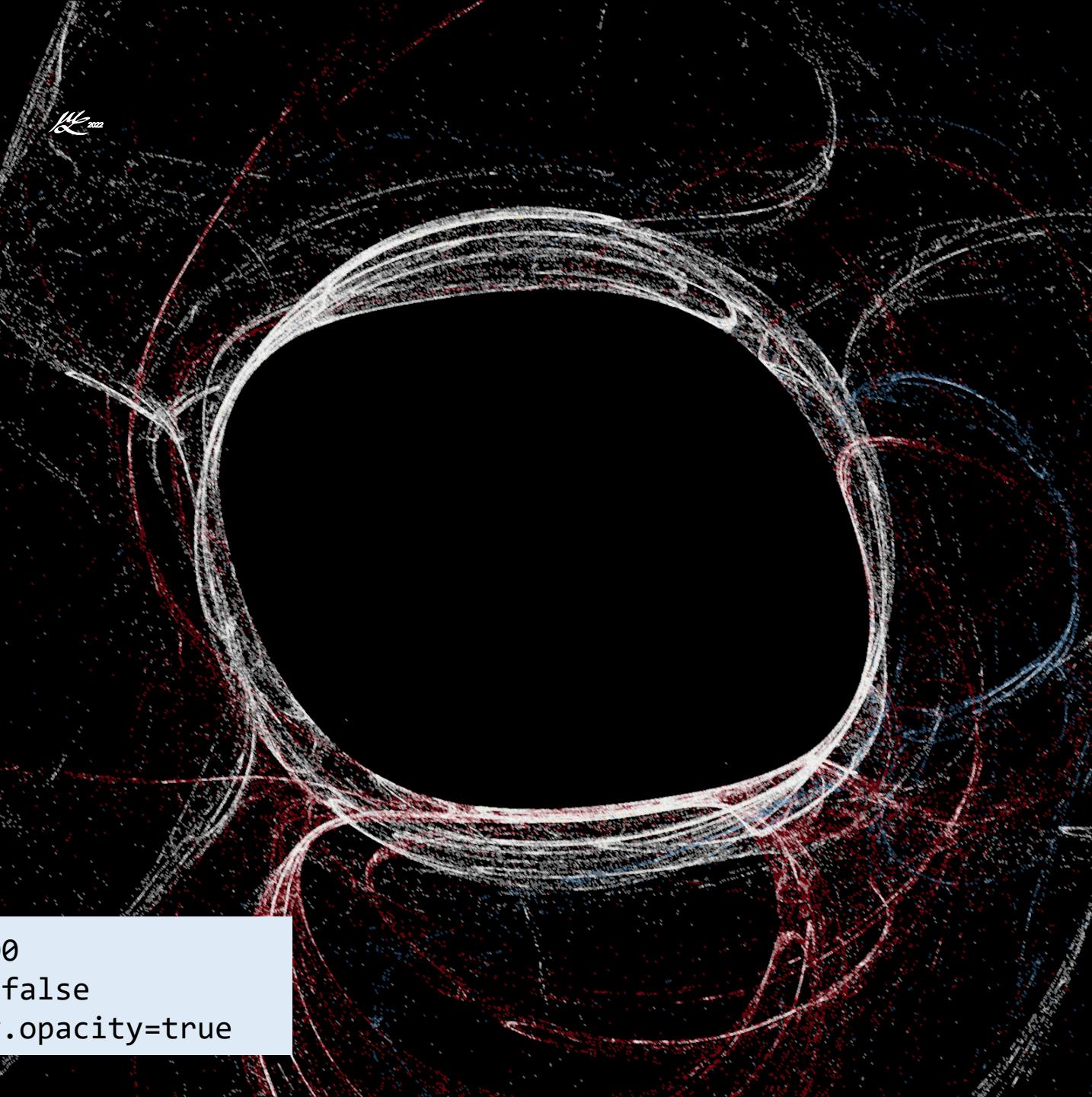
PNG.bitdepth=8
PNG.color=RGB

Convert

Recap

Main points

@mathling

A complex, abstract visualization of a particle simulation. The particles are represented by small, glowing dots of various colors, primarily white, red, and blue, set against a black background. They form intricate, swirling patterns that resemble a flame or a turbulent fluid flow. The simulation is highly detailed, with many particles forming thin, wispy strands that curve and twist through the frame. In the top left corner of the visualization, there is a small, stylized signature that reads "MK 2022".

```
fflame.n=500000  
fflame.smooth=false  
fflame.density.opacity=true
```

Metadata by and for creators

- 1st party perspective
- Metadata for...
 - Communicating with audience
 - Finding and analyzing works
 - Creating new works from old
- Consistency, not standardization



```
swirls.flip=30  
swirls.swap=30  
swirls.granularity=21
```

Metadata-first development

- Make metadata creation as easy as data creation
- Positive feedback loop
 - Embedding enables reuse
 - Automation begets automation
 - Metadata enablers enable implementation too
- Don't shy away from complexity

```
divide.k.max=3  
divide.bent.percent=65  
divide.break.percent=89
```



Discussion

@mathling

```
j23.n-plants=2
j23.plant-1=7@16 budding axiom=?A
rules={
    A:TF[+++X]TFB
    B:TF[--Y]TFA
    C:{ [\@\@]:80 [\\\@\@]:20 }
    L:[N][M]
    M:[-M{F}]FOF
    N:[+N{F}]FOF
    O:O>F
    T:TF
    X:A
    Y:BC
}
j23.plant-2=4@14 shrub axiom=?F
rules={
    F:{
        FF+[/+F-F-F]-[/-F+F+F]:80
        FF+[/-F+F+F]-[/+F-F-F]:20
    }
}
```